THE

No. 19[illegible].

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WEDNESDAY, *February* 8, 1749.

An Extract of a Letter from the HAGUE, *dated October* 24, 1748.

"AT length the Definitive Treaty is ſigned by the miniſters of the powers at war; and major-general Sturler, preceded by four poſtillions, brought on Sunday evening an account thereof to the ſerene Stadtholder, and to their high mightineſſes, ſo that at preſent the impatience which every body had to hear that news, gives way to that of being inform'd of the exchange of the ratifications, and the evacuation of the conqueſts, which ought naturally to follow the act of ſigning, and muſt do ſo, unleſs ſomething extraordinary attends the execution of thoſe articles; ſuch as appeared in the manner of carrying on the war, and in concluding a peace by way of congreſs, without any ſuch thing as a congreſs.

But at a time when we are going to rejoice at this agreeable news, there is other intelligence which every day more than other gains credit, not quite ſo agreeable; and that is, of a ſtorm which is gathering in the North, by the intrigues of a certain power. They write from Berlin, that his Pruſſian majeſty is altering moſt of the fortifications of his capital cities, as well in Sileſia and Pruſſia, as in the marche of Brandenburg; which, it's ſaid, has been occaſioned by the publication of certain plans, which, if put in execution, neither the ſtrength which nature aſſiſted by art can give, will be ſufficient to defend them. Beſides, it's very likely that the death of the king of Sweden, who lives only by the art of the phyſicians, will embroil matters in the North.

Three miniſters of the king of Pruſſia, of conſiderable rank, are diſgraced, on account of ſome quarrel with Mr. Coccei; which it is apprehended will be followed by other removals, beſides thoſe of the perſons ſent by his majeſty into Sileſia, to enquire into the finances of that duchy, and who did not purſue the good intentions of the king. His majeſty will diſmiſs from his ſervice, and the management of his affairs at the general diet of Ratiſbon, the miniſter of Anſpach; becauſe his majeſty has not thought fit to enter into the views of the court of Saalfeld, and to acknowlege the embaſſy of Weymar. The king is, on the contrary, very much inclined to the houſe of Gotha, as are alſo the electors of Cologn and Palatine, and the landgrave of Heſſe, in reſpect to the quarrel it has with that of Meimingen."

Hague, October 25. The States General have taken a reſolution, according to which, the deſerters from the troops of the republic are not for the future to be puniſh'd with death, but to be fetter'd for life, and in that condition to work at the fortifications; and, in caſe there ſhould be no work of that ſort, they are to be cloſe confined. Such, however, as ſhall abandon their poſt, or deſert to the enemy from a beſieged town, or from the army on a march, or whoſe deſertion may be attended with any other aggravating circumſtances, are ſtill to be liable to be puniſh'd with death. Meſſ. de Catwyck and Pauw return'd to this place laſt night, after having changed the regency of Rotterdam; in conſequence of which, four of the old burgomaſters and the grand baillie have been diſmiſſed. The prince of Orange went on Wedneſday evening, for the head quarters of the Dutch army at Walwyck. M. de Haren, one of their High Mightineſſes plenipotentiaries, arrived here laſt night from Aix la Chapelle. And this morning an expreſs arrived from the ſame place, with the acceſſion of the courts of Vienna and Madrid to the definitive treaty.

October 29. A reſolution has been taken to diſband the militia, which were raiſed laſt year; and conſequently, thoſe belonging to this place are lately returned hither. The earl of Sandwich, who was expected here laſt night, is not yet arrived.

Milan, October 22. Letters from Turin adviſe, that the king of Sardinia, having obtained the ſecurity he deſired for the execution of the articles of the treaty of Worms, which remain in force, his Sardinian majeſty is determined to make a reduction of 5000 of his troops.

They write from Rome, that in order to enable the cardinal duke of York to make a more ſplendid figure, the Pope intends to confer upon him the archbiſhoprick of Bologna, and the perpetual legateſhip of that city. This archbiſhoprick was never before given to any other than ſubjects of the province of Bologna.

Dreſden, October 21. All our letters from Warſaw are full of the unanimity with which the members of the diet continue their deliberations. The important article of the augmentation of the army meets with ſo general an approbation, amongſt thoſe who are well affected, that 'tis looked upon as a ſtep, in a manner, agreed upon. Thus the king will have the ſatisfaction of ſeeing the Poliſh nation reſtored to it's former grandeur and power, by the wiſe meaſures taken in his reign. Hitherto no mention has been made in the diet, of the affairs of Courland; but in all likelihood they will ſoon be revived. There is actually a perſon at Warſaw, who is employed in promoting the intereſt of marſhal Saxe, who ſtill preſerves a conſiderable party among the nobility of Courland.

Leghorn, October 10. According to letters from Malta, there is a talk of recalling all the knights of that order, to aſſiſt in the defence of that iſland, which is threaten'd with an attack from the Turks, upon account of the ſon of the captain baſhaw being detained there as a priſoner. 'Tis thought, however, that the Porte will not go to this extremity; but will rather endeavour, by amicable means, to procure the releaſement of that priſoner.

Genoa, October 5. Notwithſtanding the ſuſpenſion of arms, the government perſiſts in not permitting the return of the Proteſtants who retired to Leghorn, at the time of the troubles here; tho' they certainly carried on a very great trade, by means of their relations in England and Holland. The refuſal of their re-eſtabliſhment here, is thought to be made, with a view to encourage the manufactures of France.

Peterſburg, October 18. Mr. Wolf, conſul of England, has juſt received from Vienna a diploma of baron of the holy Empire, as well for him as his deſcendants; with which the emperour of the Romans has honour'd him.

Ratiſbon, October 24. It's reported here, that it will be propoſed to the Electoral college to proceed to the election of a king of the Romans, ſoon after the general peace ſhall have been publiſhed.

Hanover, October 25. Yeſterday prince Lewis of Wolfenbuttle took leave of the king, and is this morning ſet out in a poſt-chaiſe for Brunſwick. 'Tis generally ſuppoſed that the king will make a great many military promotions before he departs for England.

Bruſſels, October 27. Preparations are making in the Hotel d'Egmont, for the reception of the duke d'Aremberg, who is appointed governor-general of the Low Countries *per interim*, 'til the arrival of prince Charles of Lorrain.

The ducheſs of Newcaſtle, who took her route by Eyndhoven, arrived here yeſterday. As ſoon as the marquis de Contades was informed thereof, he ſent to the houſe where that lady was lodged, a guard of fifty men with a pair of colours, to remain there 'til the time of her departure.

Paris, October 18. The laſt letters from Madrid inform us, that the court of Spain is treating with that of England, on the means of obtaining the reſtitution of Gibraltar. It ſeems their hopes in Spain are founded on the diſpoſition which king George I. appeared to be in, in the year 1721; when that monarch, in a letter which he wrote to king Philip V. the [illegible] of June in that year, declared, *That he ſhould take the firſt favourable opportunity of regulating that affair, in concert with his Parliament*: But as the thing then met with ſuch great oppoſition, and the place is ſince become more valuable to the

Engliſh,

Engliſh, from the conſiderable change in affairs, 'tis thought the Spaniards will not ſo eaſily carry this point as they imagine, unleſs they can grant ſuch advantages to the Engliſh, in relation to their American commerce, as will be able to remove all ſubject of debate; which we acknowlege we judge hardly practicable.

Stockholm, October 8. Yeſterday about noon the royal conſort of the prince ſucceſſor was brought to bed of a ſon; the news whereof was immediately made public by a general diſcharge of the guns on the ramparts of this city. As ſoon as the king was informed of her ſafe delivery, he went directly in his chair to the princeſs's apartment, where he congratulated her on that joyful occaſion. His majeſty very affectionately embraced the prince, and immediately inveſted him with the enſigns of the three ſeveral orders of the Seraphim, the Sword, and Northern Star. After he had taken his leave of the princeſs, he nominated 98 knights of the ſecond of the three orders, and 16 of the third. The infant prince is very ſhortly to be chriſten'd, and his name is to be Charles.

L O N D O N.

October 1. On Wedneſday laſt a ſailor went to the tower to ſee the lions, and in order to ſhew his courage, endeavour'd to take hold of the paw of one of them; but the lion being not in the humour to ſhake hands, ſtruck at him with his claws, and wounded him in the hand in ſuch a manner, that he was obliged to be ſent to St. Thomas's hoſpital, in order to be taken care of.

They write from Liege, that marſhal Lowendahl had ordered 5 or 6000 waggons to be got ready, for tranſporting the baggage and ammunition from Maeſtricht to Bruſſels.

The French troops in the duchy of Limbourg have orders to hold themſelves in readineſs to return into France.

Letters from Bruſſels directly, fix'd the departure of marſhal Saxe for Paris as on Monday laſt; and by all accounts from Brabant, the French ſeem preparing more earneſtly than ever for a ſpeedy evacuation of the conquer'd places.

The cavalry of the Allied army is already ſeparated, and the infantry will immediately break up likewiſe; and 'til ſuch time as things are finally ſettled, the Hanoverian troops will be quartered at Mechlin, Lier, Louvain, and the other neighbouring towns; and thoſe of England will be diſpoſed of partly at Oſtend and that neighbourhood, and the reſt in the mayoralty of Boiſleduc.

October 4. Wheat has ſold within theſe few days from 10 *l.* to 10 guineas a load; and 'tis ſaid that 20,000 loads have been lately bought up for exportation.

His majeſty's ſloop the Grampus ſailed from the Downs the day before yeſterday for Calais, and is, 'tis ſaid, to wait the arrival of the ducheſs of Newcaſtle, to convoy her to England.

We hear that the Centurion man of war, capt. Keppel, is fitting at Sheerneſs, in order to ſail to Holland, to convoy his majeſty; the right honourable the lord Anſon intending to hoiſt his flag on board this ſhip.

Extract of a Letter from Maeſtricht, dated October 5.

"On the 1ſt inſtant, the government received orders to ſend all the artillery, bombs, balls, *&c.* which were here, by the Meuſe to Namur; and yeſterday we began to ſet about the execution of thoſe orders. We have conducted the cannon to the banks of the Meuſe, for embarkation; and the country of Fauquemont is obliged to furniſh 2000 waggons, beſides 4000 which are coming from Namur, for tranſporting the ammunition. All theſe diſpoſitions make it believ'd the French will ſoon take their leave of us, and the more, as 'tis certain the garriſon has received orders to prepare for a march. Above half the officers in the regiment of Normandy have been arreſted, for diverſe diſorders which they have committed.

P. S. Tomorrow all the troops diſperſed about theſe quarters will begin their march for France; and moſt people are now of opinion, that this place will be evacuated before the end of the month."

The right rev. Dr. Butler, biſhop of Briſtol, having declin'd the acceptance of the vacant ſee of London; we are informed that it will certainly be filled up by the removal of Dr. Sherlock from that of Saliſbury.

According to private letters from Peterſburg, a reſolution has been actually taken to recall count Erneſtus Biron, late duke of Courland, from his exile, and to reſtore him to the poſſeſſion of his private eſtates in that duchy; and that an officer of the guards had been diſpatched to Jaroſlaw, to carry him this acceptable news, ſo that it is believed he will very ſpeedily return to Peterſburg, and have the honour of paying his reſpects in perſon to her Imperial majeſty, and thanking her for this ſignal inſtance of her clemency.

October 6. They write from Leghorn, that the Corſican malecontents ſent lately a deputation to the French commandant at Baſtia, to inform him that they were ready to put themſelves under the protection of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and to ſubmit upon ſuch terms as he ſhould think reaſonable to the republic of Genoa; provided his majeſty would guaranty the agreement, and allow them to have recourſe to his protection, in caſe of it's infringement.

They write from Paris, that the prince of Conti, with ſeveral other perſons of great diſtinction, were lately returned thither from a journey they had made to viſit the new diſcover'd gold mine, the ſight of which had given them all the pleaſure and ſatiſfaction imaginable; there being a very great appearance that it may be wrought to very conſiderable advantage, and without any very great expence, either in reference to the machines, or to the number of workmen that are to be employed therein.

We are aſſured that his majeſty, ſoon after his return hither, will order a proclamation to be iſſued for a ſolemn thankſgiving for the concluſion of the peace; and will go to St. Paul's with the uſual ſolemnity on that occaſion.

On Thurſday there was a council at the Cockpit, at which the ſpeaker of the honourable houſe of Commons attended, when the parliament, which ſtands prorogued to the thirteenth inſtant, was further prorogued to the 17th day of November next, when they will ſit for the diſpatch of buſineſs. The convocation was then likewiſe prorogued to the 22d day of November next.

It is ſaid, that the biſhop of Llandaff will ſucceed the biſhop of Saliſbury, upon his removal to the ſee of London.

There is a great number of ſhips in Gibraltar bay, which have been refuſed entrance into the ports of Spain.

We hear that ſeveral 20 gun ſhips, lately fitted up, have been commiſſioned by the lords of the admiralty this week.

On Wedneſday morning, a lieutenant and a maſter of a man of war, lately paid off, were met on Tower-hill by ſome of the crew, who fell upon them, and beat them very ſeverely; the lieutenant at length took ſhelter in the victualling office coffee houſe, and the maſter ſaved his life by the ſwiftneſs of his heels.——After the affair was over, the ſeamen were aſked, why they abuſed their officers in ſo barbarous a manner? To which they replied, that they had been remarkable for tale bearing, lying, and taking pleaſure in ſeeing men whipp'd, *&c.*

October 13. At eleven laſt night Leveſon Gower, Eſq; ſon to the right hon. the lord Gower, one of the ſecretaries to the congreſs at Aix la Chapelle, arrived at his grace the duke of Bedford's, expreſs from the right hon. the earl of Sandwich, with the definitive treaty for a general peace, which was ſigned at Aix by the miniſters of Great Britain, France, and the States General; to which 'tis ſaid the queen of Hungary's miniſter has acceded, and the other miniſters were daily expected to follow his example.

October 22. Letters from Aix-la Chapelle by the Holland Mails arrived this Day bring Advice, that the Count de Kaunitz and the Marquiſs de Soto Major, the Imperial and Spaniſh Plenipotentiaries, have both acceded to the Definitive Treaty of Peace in the Name of their Principals, as well as the miniſters of Modena and Genoa; but the two Sardinian Miniſters have required a Delay of four Weeks, in order to ſend an Expreſs to Turin, and receive the King their Maſter's Orders on that Subject; which Expreſs was ſet out, and a Memorial remitted to the contracting Powers, ſetting forth the ſaid Miniſter's Reaſons for not yet acceding to the Definitive Treaty.

The Subſtance of the DEFINITIVE TREATY *of* PEACE.

The Preamble is very extenſive, reciting the Original and Motives which occaſioned the late War, as well as the Deſire of all the intereſted powers to put an End thereto; which gave Riſe to the preſent Congreſs, *&c. &c.*

ARTICLE I.

PROMISES in the moſt ſolemn Manner to obſerve religiouſly the Peace concluded, and all the Articles and Clauſes therein, without ever in the leaſt infringing thereon.

II. Every Thing that has paſs'd during the War on all Sides to be buried in a general and eternal Oblivion.

III. The Treaties of Weſtphalia, Madrid, Nimeguen, Ryſwick, Utrecht, Baden, Hague, the Quadruple Alliance, and the Treaty of Vienna, are all confirm'd, that they might not be derogated by the preſent Treaty.

IV. The Priſoners made, and the Hoſtages given during the War, be reſtored on all Sides without Ranſom and ſet at

Liberty

Liberty in one Month after the Exchange of the Ratifications; but be obliged to pay all Debts they have contracted; and all the Men of War or Merchant-Ships which have been taken ſince the Time ſtipulated by the Ceſſation of Arms to be reſtored.

V. All the Conqueſts made during the War, in all Parts of the World, to be reciprocally reſtored.

VI. The Reſtitutions and Ceſſions to be made in ſix Weeks after the Ratification. The Artillery found in the conquer'd Places to be reſtored in the ſame Condition they were in at the Time the Towns were taken, excepting nevertheleſs that at Menin, Athe, Mons, Charleroy and Oudenarde.

VII. The Dutchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guaſtalla, to be ceded with all their Rights and Dependencies to the Infant Don Philip, under an expreſſed Clauſe, that thoſe States ſhall return to the preſent Poſſeſſors, in caſe that Prince dies without Male Iſſue, or he or any of his Deſcendants ſhould mount the Thrones of Spain or the Two Sicilies.

VIII. Commiſſaries to be immediately appointed on all Sides, to aſſemble at Nice and Bruſſels to effectuate the reſpective Reſtitutions and Ceſſions.

IX. The King of Great-Britain ſhall ſend to France two Noblemen of the Firſt Diſtinction by way of Hoſtages, who are to remain there till certain Advice is received of the Evacuation of Cape-Breton and all the Places which may have been taken in the Eaſt Indies.

X. Means to be taken in the general Evacuation as commodious as poſſible for the Troops and Inhabitants.

XI. All the Papers and Records found in the Towns to be reſtored, expreſsly naming the Archives of Mecklin.

XII. The King of Sardinia to be maintained in the Poſſeſſion of all his Eſtates, principally thoſe ceded to him in 1743. excepting that Part of the Plaiſantine he occupies, which he has ceded to the Infant Don Philip.

XIII. The Duke of Modena to be re-eſtabliſhed in all his Eſtates; and Juſtice done him in reſpect to the Allodial Effects which he poſſeſſed in the Dutchy of Guaſtalla.

XIV. The Republick of Genoa to be re-eſtabliſhed in all the Poſſeſſions it enjoyed before the War. The Money they had in the Banks of Vienna and Turin, and which was confiſcated, to be reſtored, and the Payment of the Intereſts to commence from the Day of the Exchange of the Ratifications.

XV. Things to remain in Italy on the ſame Footing they were before the War, excepting the Ceſſions made to the King of Sardinia and the Infant Don Philip.

XVI. The Aſſiento Treaty is confirmed, and Permiſſion granted to ſend to the Spaniſh Indies for four Years a Ship extraordinary, for the Non-Enjoyment of that Privilege during the War.

XVII. The Fortifications of Dunkirk to remain as they now are on the Land Side, but antient Treaties to be obſerved with regard to the Port and the Works on the Sea Side.

XVIII. The Differences on the Subject of the Sums which the Elector of Hanover pretends to be due to him, to be amicably adjuſted; and the Affair concerning the Abby of St. Hubert, to be regulated at the ſame Time.

XIX. The Article of the Treaty of the Quadruple Alliance, which ſecures the Succeſſion of the Crown of Great Britain to the Houſe of Hanover, is confirmed in all its Points.

XX. All the States which his Britannick Majeſty poſſeſſes in Germany guarantied by the Contracting Powers.

XXI. The ſaid Powers guaranty likewiſe in the moſt ſolemn Manner, the Pragmatick Sanction, that it may not be derogated by the preſent Treaty.

XXII. They guaranty in the ſame Manner Sileſia and the County of Glatz to his Pruſſian Majeſty.

XXIII. As alſo the Execution of all the Articles of the preſent Treaty.

XXIV. The Exchange of Ratifications to be made at Aix-la-Chapelle within a Month, by the Miniſters of the Contracting Parties, and in ſix Weeks by thoſe of the Powers which acceded thereto.

There are two other Articles, of which the firſt imports in Subſtance, that no Conſequence is to be drawn from the Titles and Precedency which the Contracting Parties have taken in this Treaty; and the ſecond, the ſame thing with regard to the French Language, &c.

October 25. We hear that his majeſty has ſent a letter to his grace the duke of Richmond, and Aubigny in France, to acquaint his lordſhip with his intention of ſending him ambaſſador to France.

The tranſports, appointed to bring over the troops from Flanders, are victualled, and ordered to ſail directly.

This day thirty days ſubſiſtance was iſſued out at the Pay-office, Whitehall, to his majeſty's guards, garriſons, and land forces, in Great-Britain, from the 25th of October to the 23d of November.

By letters received from France we hear, that a few days ago died at Paris, Cameron of Lochiel, colonel of a regiment in the French king's ſervice, raiſed by him, and compoſed chiefly of Camerons and other rebels, who eſcaped to France after the late rebellion.

On Saturday night his excellency Mynheer Hop, envoy extraordinary from the States General, arrived at his houſe in Clifford ſtreet from Holland.

ANNAPOLIS.

Laſt Sunday ſennight, *Jonathan Mann*, a Cabinet-maker, and *Uriah Bond*, a Blackſmith, attempting to croſs *Gunpowder* River on the Ice, both fell in and were drowned.

Cuſtom-Houſe, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Jan. 6. Brig. Prince Frederick, Samuel Jewel, from Boſton;
—. 23. Sloop Sea Flower, Richard Keating, from Boſton;
—. 27. Ship Ogle, John Brown, from Madeira;
Feb. 2. Schooner Tryal, David Freeman, from Boſton;

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship OGLE,
John Brown *Commander, now lying in* Severn *River*,

A Quantity of FINE SALT, to be Sold cheap, by Wholeſale or Retale; and if any Gentleman inclines to purchaſe one Thouſand Buſhels, or more, and will take it from the Ship's Side, in *Severn* River, before the Middle of *March*, he ſhall have it at Two Shillings Currency per Buſhel, or in Sterling, at the current Exchange to that Value: Alſo choice good Old *Madeira* Wine, to be Sold, by the Pipe or Quarter-Caſk, by GEORGE STEUART.

CHOICE Bohea Tea to be Sold, at the Subſcriber's Store in *Annapolis*, at Twelve Shillings per Pound.
WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

JUST IMPORTED,
AND to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at *Bladensburg*, for Bills of Exchange, Paper Money, or Tobacco, a Box of Medicines, containing upwards of One Hundred and Fifty Articles. CHRISTOPHER LOWNDES.

This is to give NOTICE,
THAT all Perſons who are indebted to the Eſtate of *James Barnes*, late of the City of *Annapolis*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts legally proved, in order that they may be adjuſted.

And all Perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are hereby deſired to pay their reſpective Ballances, and prevent further Trouble.
ELIZABETH BARNES, Adminiſtratrix.

IF *James Witherſpoon* be living, he may hear of ſomething greatly to his Advantage, by enquiring of *Jonas Green*, Printer in *Annapolis*.

He came from *Glaſgow*, and reſided Five Years with Mr. *John Parnham*, then Merchant in *Charles* County, and has been from thence about ten Years. If any Body can give an Account of him, their Information will be thankfully received.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 25th of *December* laſt, a Mulatto Slave, named *Dan*, much the Colour of an *Indian*, is a luſty Fellow, about 25 Years of Age, and is ſuppoſed to be gone towards *Virginia*: He took with him a large Cheſnut-colour'd Mare, paces pretty well, has a crooked Blaze in her Forehead, and is branded on the near Buttock CE, the C joining to the Top and Bottom of the E: He alſo took an old Saddle and Bridle, ſundry Country-made Linſey Woolſy Cloaths, and a Gun. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Slave, and brings him to his Maſter, living near the Great Falls of *Potowmack*, in *Prince George's* County, *Maryland*, ſhall have SIX PISTOLES, if taken in *Maryland*; TEN, if taken in *Pennſylvania*; EIGHT, if taken between *Potowmack* and *Rappahannock*; TWELVE, if taken between *Rappahannock* and *James* River; SIXTEEN, if taken between *James* River and *Roanoak*; and TWENTY PISTOLES REWARD, if taken in *Carolina*: Paid by [illegible]

WHEREAS, on the 30th of *December* laſt, I the Subſcriber Advertiſed a Convict Servant Man, named *George Gold*, a Glazier by Trade, as a Runaway; and that it was reported to me, that he was ſeen in Company with one *Joſeph Norton*, School-Maſter, near *Magotty* Mill, on the 28th of the ſame Month:—This is to certify to all Perſons, that I the Subſcriber was miſinform'd, and am convinced, that the ſaid *Norton* was not with the ſaid *Gold*: And I am further ſatisfied of the Innocence of the aforeſaid *Norton*, by the Teſtimony of ſundry Perſons in this Town; and that he was here, during the Abſence of the ſaid *Gold*.

February 1, 1748-9. PATRICK CREAGH.

STrayed away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, a Brown Cow, with a motled Face, her Horns grow a little up, and almoſt meet at the Top; ſhe has a white Belly, and is mark'd with a Halfpenny Cut in the under Part of her off Ear. Whoever will bring the ſaid Cow to the Subſcriber, or give Notice where he may have her again, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by DANIEL WELLS.

STolen or Strayed from *Thomas Reynolds*, on *Elk Ridge*, about a Fortnight before *Chriſtmas*, a large Cheſnut Bay Horſe, with a ſmall Blaze in his Face, branded on the near Buttock as in the Margin, and his two hind Feet white; he has a pretty ſhort ſwitch Tail, has been lately trimm'd, and being a Draught Horſe cannot pace. Whoever will bring the ſaid Horſe to *Thomas Reynolds*, or to the Subſcriber living near *Seneca* Bridge, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward. HENRY CRAMPHIN.

ANY of the Inſpecting Houſes, which are not yet furniſhed with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be ſupplied therewith, at the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, at reaſonable Rates, by RICHARD SNOWDEN.

Maryland, ſs. WHereas Mr. *Jonathan Forward*, Merchant in *London*, has ſignified to the Subſcriber his Intentions of declining the *Maryland* Trade, and delivering it up to Meſſieurs *Sydenham* and *Hodgſon* (as he has already done the *Virginian*); all Perſons indebted to the ſaid *Jonathan Forward* (by any Tranſactions with me) are deſired to come and ſettle their reſpective Accounts, and pay them off by the 20th Day of *February* next at fartheſt. Alſo thoſe who are indebted to me on my private Account, are likewiſe deſired to come and ſettle by that Time: And whoever has any Demands on me, they ſhall be duly paid; I intending to depart this Province, for *London*, early in the Spring. Whoever refuſes to comply with this Requeſt, muſt expect Trouble, from

DARBY LUX.

To be diſpoſed of for Sterling, Gold, Paper Currency, or any merchantable Exports or Imports, to be deliverable at a certain Price, Time, and Place, as may be agreed on,

A Compleat *London*-made Four Wheel Chaiſe, fitted up in the neateſt and moſt faſhionable Manner, contrived ſo as (when neceſſary) to carry very commodiouſly as many as a Coach, at other Times no more than a common Chaiſe: It is very light and eaſy, and extremely ſtrong; and may be viewed at Mr. *John Turnbull*'s, in *Annapolis*. For Terms of Sale apply to the Printer hereof.

N. B. As it came in for a Gentleman in *Virginia*, who died ſoon after, it will be ſold cheap. There is alſo a Pair of good Horſes, that match well, and draw very ſafe and well together; which may be had with the Chaiſe, if required.

THIS is to give Notice, that there is at my Plantation at *Lingan Ore*, one large Black Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock D, only not ſo plain on the Buttock as Shoulder; he had on when he came there a Bell, marked thus, I HUTTON. Alſo a middle-ſiz'd Black Mare, with a Two Years old Black Colt, with a Slit in his Ear; ſhe is branded on the near Shoulder N, and on the near Buttock O, a Blaze on her Forehead, with a Snip on her Noſe; and one hind Foot white. Whoever applies to me at *Annapolis*, and proves his Property, may have them again, paying the Charge of this Advertiſement. WILLIAM CUMMING.

N. B. They are very valuable Creatures.

THE Subſcriber intending for *London* next Summer, and having a very good Aſſortment of *European* and *India* Goods, Rum, Sugar, Salt, very good *Florence* Oyl, and fine Bohea Tea at Twelve Shillings per Pound, will ſell the aforeſaid Goods at very reaſonable Rates, for Paper Currency, Bills of Exchange, *Indian* Corn, Pork, or Inſpected Tobacco.

Annapolis, *Dec.* 28, 1748. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

WATCHES, which have been left at the Subſcriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, to be clean'd or mended, being ready long ſince to be deliver'd back to the Owners; Notice is hereby given, That if they are not call'd for and taken away, before the 25th of *March* next, they will (as the Subſcriber is about to leave the Province) be ſold, to pay the Charges due to JOHN INCH.

N. B. Some of the Watches have been in his Poſſeſſion, and mended, above four Years.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

HEreby gives Notice to all Gentlemen and others, that he is removed from *Broad Creek* to *Coxes Point*, on *Kent* Iſland; where they may depend on meeting with good Boats and ſkilful Hands, to croſs the Bay, and good Entertainment for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their humble Servant, NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

N. B. Gentlemen may find me almoſt any Day, at Mr. *Thomas Williamſon*'s in *Annapolis*.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has removed from *John Campbell*'s, to the Houſe oppoſite to Mr. *Macnemara*'s in *Duke of Glouceſter* Street, in *Annapolis*; where he makes and ſells as good Chocolate as was ever made in *England*, at 4 *s.* 6 *d.* per Pound: Likewiſe *Scotch* Snuff, as good as any imported from *Europe*, at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per Pound; and the beſt *French* Rappee Snuff, at 3 *s.* per Pound. Conſtant Attendance is given at ſaid Houſe by ISAAC NAVARRO.

THE Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the ſaid Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Chriſtmas*, on every Monday, Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Thurſday; and after *Chriſtmas*, on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday, in every Week. Signed by Order of the Commiſſioners,

Novemb. 2, 1748. RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk.

TO BE SOLD

BY the Subſcriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Veniſon Park*, lying in the Fork of *Patuxent* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, about ſix Miles from Mr. *Snowden*'s Iron-Works, containing 350 Acres, all Wood-Land, and well timber'd; and good low Ground, for thoſe who are inclined to make Meadows. Whoever has a Mind to buy the ſame, may apply to the Subſcriber at Mrs. *Sarah Warfield*'s, near the Head of *Severn* River, where a good Title to the ſaid Land ſhall be made by ABSOLUTE WARFIELD.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subſcriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Seneca* Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Buſineſs. It conſiſts of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-Houſe, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms ſeal'd with Plank; a Milk-houſe, Meat-houſe, Corn-houſe, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing; with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-Houſe 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-houſe. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the Premiſes, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaſer may likewiſe be ſupplied with Cattle, Horſes, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, *&c.* by the ſaid *Cramphin*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper.